date on which the press reports were published, it has not been possible to verify the facts in this regard. However, there are no confirmed reports regarding links between naxalites and Pakistan ISI.

(c) and (d) There are no confirmed reports to indicate links between the naxalites and the militant groups of North East and Sri Lanka. However, Government is aware of the attempts begin made by various terrorist outfits in the country to forge links with each other and a close watch is kept on the situation in this regard.

"Public Order" and "Police" are State subjects. In the circumstances, the concerned State Government has to devise various measures and take concrete steps to curb left wing extremist / ISI activities in the State. However, keeping in view the overall dimension which left wing extremism has assumed in some States, it has become a matter of concern for the Central Government as well. It has, therefore, set up a high level Coordination Centre, headed by the Union Home Secretary with Chief Secretaries and Directors General of Police of the seriously affected States as its members, to review and coordinate steps taken by these States to check the left wing extremist activities, monitor the plan of action in respect of each State and make recommendations both on development and security aspects of the problem.

**Implementation status of MNES programmes in Assam**

1120. DR. ARUN KUMAR SARMA: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) implementation status of various programmes of his Ministry in Assam during last three years indicating total allocation and actual utilization, year-wise against specific schemes through Government agencies and NGOs;

(b) the details of proposals received from NGOs and Government agencies, showing status of sanction and allocation made during the current financial year against each agency; and

(c) the details of the future targets set and implementation agencies to be decided?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN): (a) The Ministry of Non-conventional Energy Sources has been implementing various programmes based on the non-conventional energy sources such as solar, wind, small hydro and biomass throughout the country including in the State of Assam. The details of achievements, made and funds allocated/utilized under various non-conventional energy programmes which are implemented through Government agencies and NGOs during the last three years, year-wise, in the State of Assam are given in Statement-I. *(See below)*

(b) A target of 25 nos. of biogas plants and 12,500 nos. of improved chulhas have been allocated for the State of Assam during the current financial year 2001-02. In addition, three proposals from NGOs and Government Agencies from the State of Assam regarding solar photovoltaic programme have been received and their details are given in Statement-II. *(See* below)

(c) State-wise targets for the year 2002-2003 have not yet been finalized.

**Statement-I**

*Programme-wise Physical and financial achievements during the last three years*

| Name of the Programmes | Physical Achievements | | | Funds AllocatecHJtilized (Rs. in crores) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1998-99 | 1999-20002000-2001 | | 1998-99 | 1999-20002000.2001 | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Biogas. (Nos.) | 223 | 67 | 147 | 0.148 | 0.100 | -- |
| CBB1BT/NBP (Nos.) | — | — | — | 0.015 | 0.184 | |
| Improved Chulhas (Nos. in lakhs) | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.60 | — | — |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Small Hydro Power (MW) | — | — | — | — | 1.80 | — |
| Biomass Power (MW) | — | — | — | — | 0.050 | 0.016 |
| Biomass Gasifier (KW) | — | — | ~~ | 0.009 | — | — |
| Solar Thermal | — | — | — | 0.0168 | 0.0015 | 0.0624 |
| SPV (Nos.) | — | — | — | 0.7042 | 0.2287 | 0.5514 |
| i. SLS | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| ii. HLS | 450 | 252 | 271 | — | — | — |
| iii. SL | 125 | 175 | 66 | — | — | — |
| Wind Power (MW) | — | • — | — | 0.010 | — | — |
| IREP (Block in Nos.) | 21 | 21 | 21 | 0.153 | 0.115 | 0.140 |
| SADP (Nos.) | 7 | 1 | — | 0.069 | 0.040 | 0.008 |

CBP/IBP/NBP: Community/Institutional/Night Soil Based Biogas Plants; SLS: Street Lighting Systems; HLS:Home Lighting Systems; SL: Solar Lanterns; IREP: Integrated Rural Energy Programme; SADP; Special Area Demonstration Programme.

**Statements**

*Details of Non-Conventional Energy Proposals received from NGOs and Government Agencies of the State of Assam*

| S.No. | Proposals | Status |
|---|---|---|
| 1. | Installation of solar home lighting systems in Cachar district. | Under Implementation |

| S.No. | Proposals | Status |
|---|---|---|
| 2. | Installation of solar lighting systems in 40 villages in Jorhat and Lakhimpur districts. | Under Consideration |
| 3. | Solar photovoltaic electrification of some villages in Sibsagar district and in Bodoland Autonomous Council areas. | Under Consideration |

**Family type biogas plants**

1121. SHRI MAN MOHAN SAMAL: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that nearly ninety per cent of the family type biogas plants were untraceable and out of the installed biogas plants very few were found in working condition;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether Government have investigated the matter and punished those, found invovled; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN): (a) and (b) No, Sir. Under the Central Sector Scheme — National Project on Biogas Development, which caters to setting up of family type biogas plants and is being implemented since 1982-83 in all States and Union Territories, the problem of untraceable plants has been found recently in certain areas involving three organizations only. About 29 per cent untraceable plants were noticed in district Puri, Orissa relating to Khadi and Village Industries Commission for the years 1996-97 and 1997-98. The Madhya Pradesh State Agro Industries Development Corporation Limtied (MPSAIDC) has recorded 0.06 per cent untraceable plants spread in 10 districts relating to the years 1983-84 to 2001-02 (up to January, 2002). About 58 per cent untraceable plants were noticed in